Approved Handgun Target Shooting Club Bulletin

New Legislation Affecting Notification of Receiving Instruction (NORI)

Approved Handgun Target Shooting Clubs need to be aware of the following changes to the Firearms Act 1996 (the Act) that come into effect from 1 September 2008. These amendments relate to section 20 of the Firearms Amendment Act 2007 (the amending Act). Can you please ensure you post this bulletin within your Approved Handgun Club where all your members are able to see and read it. A copy of this Bulletin can also be located on the Victoria Police Website www.police.vic.gov.au/firearms, under 'News & Information'.

Legislative Changes

- Additional requirements related to s 54 (4) As part of a Notification of Receiving Instruction, the Chief Commissioner may require the person giving the notification (i.e. the instructor) to make a declaration -
 - a. that he or she has questioned the person as to whether or not the person is a prohibited person under the Firearms Act 1996; and
 - that he or she has questioned the person as to the number of occasions on which the person has received instruction in the use of a general category handgun; and
 - c. that based on the answers he or she received in response to those questions, and any other relevant facts available to him or her-
 - whether or not he or she believes that the person is a prohibited person;
 - II. the number of occasions on which he or she believes that the person has received in the use of a general category handgun

To assist instructors in this process, Licensing Services Division has provided the attached definition of a **prohibited person** under the *Firearms Act 1996*. The onus of ensuring that the appropriate questions have been asked rests with the instructor and therefore clubs/instructors may wish to consider the use of a 'check-list' to be completed by the instructor before the instruction is provided.

Instructors should not provide instruction if it becomes apparent as a result of their questioning, that the person seeking instruction is a prohibited person or have exceeded the number of instructions allowed under the Act.

New offence s 54 (6) – The amending Act inserts an offence for a person who intends to
receive instruction and is questioned in the manner described above and knowingly or
recklessly gives false information in response to a question asked of him or her.

Changes to the Notification of Receiving Instruction (NORI) Form

Please note that the form for providing a **Notification of Receiving Instruction (NORI)** has been amended to reflect the above legislative changes. The updated version of the form can now be downloaded at www.police.vic.gov.au/firearms under Other Firearm Forms and Information).

Contact Us

If you have any questions regarding this Bulletin, please e-mail licensingservices@police.vic.gov.au, attention Legislation Implementation Project (LIP).

Definition of a Prohibited Person - Extracted from the Firearms Act 1996

prohibited person means-

- (a) a person who is serving a term of imprisonment for-
 - (i) an indictable offence; or
 - (ii) an assault; or
 - (iii) an offence under the Drugs, Poisons and Controlled Substances Act 1981; or
 - (iiia) an offence under the Control of Weapons Act 1990—

or, in relation to a person-

- (iv) not more than 15 years have expired since the person finished serving a term of imprisonment of 5 years or more for such an offence; or
- (v) not more than 5 years have expired since the person finished serving a term of imprisonment of less than 5 years for such an offence; or
- (b) a person who is serving a term of imprisonment in another State or a Territory for an offence of a corresponding nature to an offence listed in paragraph (a) or in relation to a person—
 - (i) not more than 15 years have expired since the person finished serving a term of imprisonment in another State or a Territory of 5 years or more for such an offence; or
 - (ii) or not more than 5 years have expired since that person finished serving a term of imprisonment in another State or a Territory of less than 5 years for such an offence; or

(ba) a person-

- (i) who is serving a term of imprisonment for an offence under section 321 or 321A of the Crimes Act 1958; or
- (ii) in relation to whom, not more than 10 years have expired since the person finished serving a term of imprisonment for an offence specified in subparagraph (i); or

(bb) a person-

- (i) who is serving a term of imprisonment in another State or a Territory of the Commonwealth for an offence of a corresponding nature to an offence specified in paragraph (ba)(i); or
- (ii) in relation to whom, not more than 10 years have expired since the person finished serving a term of imprisonment in another State or a Territory of the Commonwealth for an offence specified in paragraph (ba)(i); or
- (c) a person who is subject to-
 - (i) an intervention order under section 4 of the Crimes (Family Violence) Act 1987 or an order of a corresponding nature made in another State or a Territory; or
 - (ii) a community based order which includes a condition referred to in section 38(1)(b) of the Sentencing Act 1991; or
 - (iii) a supervision order under section 26 of the Crimes (Mental Impairment and Unfitness to be Tried) Act 1997—

or, in relation to a person, not more than 5 years have expired since the person was subject to such an order; or

- (d) a person, in relation to whom, not more than 12 months have expired since that person was found guilty by a court, whether in Victoria or in another State or a Territory, of—
 - (i) an offence against this Act, in relation to which it was open to the court to impose a term of imprisonment; or
 - (ii) an offence against any other Act involving the possession or use of firearms and in relation to which it was open to the court to impose a term of imprisonment; or
 - (iii) an indictable offence-

and who is not, by virtue of the operation of any other paragraph of this definition, a prohibited person; or

(e) any person who is of a prescribed class of persons;

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